

# JOHN SCOTTUS SECONDARY SCHOOL

OLD CONNA, FERNDALE ROAD, RATHMICHAEL, CO. DUBLIN.

TEL: (01) 6680828.

E-MAIL: SECONDARY@JOHNSCOTTUS.IE WEB: WWW.JOHNSCOTTUS.IE

**John Scottus Secondary School** 

**Additional Educational Needs Policy** 

John Scottus School offers a vision of education which gives young people the self mastery, strength of character and compassion to contribute meaningfully to the world around them whilst at the same time fulfilling their own unique set of talents and qualities.

It is an education based on the belief that each child can come to discover their innate gifts, that each child can come to contribute something exceptional and that each child has at their heart a limitless potential.

Central to the ethos of the school is the development of character. Character building is described as the development of good habits such as the ability to be still and self-aware, to attend to the present moment, to participate in the spirit of enquiry and to unite with others around. These habits of attention, enquiry, stillness and unity will provide the foundations for academic excellence, a life of meaningful purpose and a life journey of Self-Discovery.

Mindfulness along with philosophy and meditation are considered the three key aspects in the journey of character building and the development of these habits. The mindful motto of the school is "Delight in the present" and the belief is that when a child comes to know their true Self it is possible to delight in the present every moment of every day.

### 1. Introduction:

This Additional Educational Needs policy has been formulated in compliance with the Education Act (1998), Education (Welfare) Act (2000), Equal Status Acts (2000 to 2011), Education for Persons with Additional Educational Needs Act (EPSEN) (2004) and Disability Act (2005) to contribute to the realisation of our mission statement;

"To give young people the self mastery, strength of character and compassion to contribute meaningfully to the world around them whilst at the same time fulfilling their own unique set of talents and qualities."

It draws heavily upon Circular No 0014/2017 entitled "Additional Education Teaching Allocation" (DES, 2017a) and the "Guidelines for Post-Primary Schools: Supporting Students with Additional Educational Needs in Mainstream Schools" (DES, 2017b). In particular, the aim of Additional education at John Scottus is to educate students with Additional educational needs in an inclusive environment and to assist them to leave school with the skills necessary to participate to their full potential in an inclusive way in the social and economic activities of society and to live independent and fulfilled lives. Effective provision for students identified as having Additional educational needs is situated within an inclusive whole-school framework which emphasises both effective teaching and learning for all and good collaboration between the school, parents/guardians and students.

# 1. Aims of the AEN Policy

Aims of the AEN Department:

The aim of the AEN Department is to facilitate the social, emotional and educational (including literacy and numeracy) and physical wellbeing of students with additional educational needs. In particular to

- Ensure that there is a coordinated, continuous, appropriate and caring response to students with SEN/AEN.
- Ensure that the school is an inclusive learning environment that enables students with Additional Educational Needs to live a full life and to realise their full potential as a unique individual through access to an appropriate broad and balanced curriculum and through engagement with appropriate co-curricular and extra-curricular activities.
- Enable students with Additional Educational Needs to function as independently as possible
  in society through the provision of such educational supports as are necessary to realise that
  potential.
- Help students with Additional Educational Needs develop the skills they need to continue learning in adult life.
- Ensure that parents/guardians are involved in decisions about their children's education.

## Aims of this policy:

- This policy aims to outline our procedures and practices of how we:
- Identify additional educational needs that our students have.
- Allocate resources to effectively meet the needs of our students with additional needs including those that may be particularly gifted.
- Divide the roles and responsibilities among our school community in relation to students with additional needs.
- Track, monitor, review and report on the progress of students with additional needs.
- Communicate information between the AEN team, guidance teachers, the Pastoral Care Team, school management, teaching staff and parents/guardians.

The students who fall within the Additional Needs definition include

- Pupils with learning difficulties and disorders
- Pupils with physical and sensory disabilities
- Pupils with emotional and behavioural disorders
- Pupils with other Additional needs

### 3. Child Protection Procedures

This Additional Educational Needs policy shall be implemented in compliance with current legislation, circulars and procedures issued by the Department of Education and Skills and school policies and procedures relating to Child Protection.

# 4. Organisation of Students

The allocation of students to classes at John Scottus within each year group is primarily based on the random, as opposed to hierarchical, allocation of students to classes. Accordingly, in line with the principles of inclusive education, classes comprise of 'mixed ability' groupings. Hence, students

benefit from 'mixed-ability' teaching which has beneficial effects for all students and helps promote social and personal development.

# **5. Additional Education Teaching Resources**

### **5.1 Physical resources**

John Scottus is currently building up its resources to meet the Additional educational needs of its students. This enables the school to address the Additional educational needs of its students through a blend of within class support, small group support and withdrawal of students, as appropriate to the needs of each student.

### **5.2 Deployment of Additional Education teaching resources**

Additional education teaching resources are deployed in an optimum manner at John Scottus to improve both the learning experiences of and educational outcomes for students identified as having Additional educational needs. In deploying Additional education resources, the over-riding principle is that these resources are deployed to address identified needs of students whilst ensuring those with the highest level of need have access to the greatest level of support. Accordingly;

- Learning support and resource teaching is allocated to students in line with their needs whilst ensuring that those with the greatest need receive the highest level of support. This model of support is based on the students' needs and is informed by regular reviews of progress and ongoing consultation.
- Additional Additional educational needs supports are tailored to meet the unique needs of students, addressing social, emotional as well as literacy and mathematical needs. The supports address the specific needs of the students following consultation with relevant teachers, parents, professionals as necessary and the students themselves.

### **5.3 Continuing Professional Development (CPD)**

All teachers have responsibility for teaching students with Additional educational needs. Consequently, it is important that all staff members engage in appropriate Continuing Professional Development (CPD) to develop the capacity of the school to meet the educational needs of all students.

### **5.4 Outside agencies**

In meeting the Additional educational needs of its students, the school draws on support from relevant outside agencies including the National Educational Psychological Service (NEPS), a Additional Education Needs Organiser (SENO), The National Council for Additional Education (NCSE) Support Service, The Inspectorate and allied health professionals, as appropriate.

# 6. Continuum of support

At John Scottus, a continuum of support process which uses a problem- solving model to determine the Additional educational needs of students, devise appropriate interventions to meet these needs and review their implementation is employed. These needs can include academic, social and emotional needs, as well as needs associated with physical, sensory, language and communication difficulties. The levels of intervention inherent to this continuum of support are illustrated in Figure. 1 below.

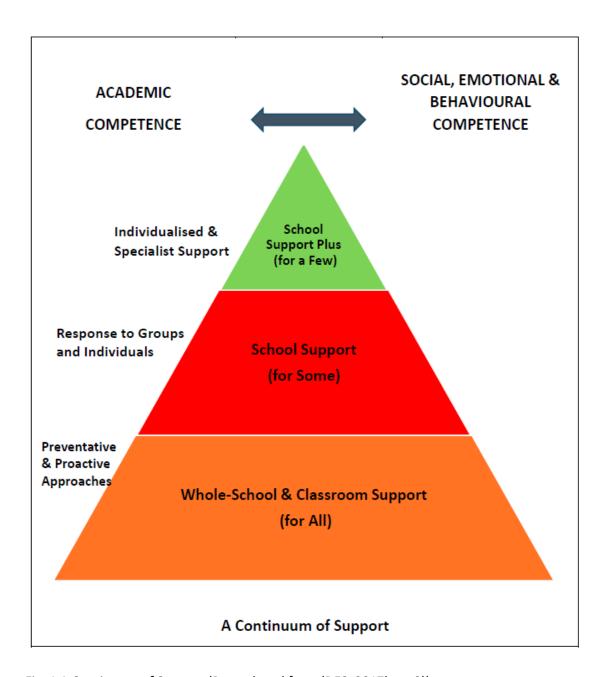


Fig. 1 A Continuum of Support (Reproduced from (DES, 2017b, p. 9))

Arising from the implementation of the continuum of support, the Additional educational needs of the majority of students within a mainstream class are met by differentiating teaching approaches, constituting Support for All. Additionally, some students are supported in their classes with additional education teachers providing within class support, namely School Support (for Some). Furthermore, some students may be withdrawn on an individual or small group basis for intensive teaching of skills, that is School Support Plus (for a Few). Hence the model of support embraces the three distinct school-based processes comprising Support for All, Support for Some and Support for a Few. The principle of providing students with the greatest levels of need access to the greatest level of support underpins the implementation of this continuum of support and the level of support individual students receive varies as they move along the continuum.

Furthermore, in implementing the continuum of support, the school adopts a three- step process to meeting the needs of students with Additional educational needs. These involve:

- (i) The identification of students who have Additional educational needs.
- (ii) Interventions for students identified as having Additional educational needs.
- (iii) Monitoring of outcomes for students identified as having Additional educational needs.

The above mentioned three steps are elaborated upon in sections 7, 8 and 9 that follow, respectively.

## 7. Identification of students who have additional educational needs

### 7.1 Identification of existing students at the school for support.

In identifying students for support, the school takes into account the following:

- Standardised tests are used to screen and identify students' performance in reading and maths. Those students performing below 10<sup>th</sup> percentile are prioritised for support in literacy and numeracy.
- Students who are identified as having significant needs through a process of ongoing assessment and intervention as set out in the Continuum of Support Process (DES, 2007b).
- Students with mild or transient educational needs including those associated with speech and language difficulties, social or emotional problems, or co- ordination or attention control difficulties and students who have specific learning disabilities.
- Students with significant Additional Educational Needs such as those identified as having significant learning, behavioural, emotional, physical and sensory needs.
- The needs of students who may present with a range of learning whose interaction may present a significant barrier to the students' learning and ability to access the curriculum.
- Students who have additional literacy or language learning needs including those students who need additional English as an Additional Language Support.

### 7.2 Identification of incoming first year students for support

In identifying incoming first year students for support, the school takes into account the following:

- Incoming first year students completes the Cognitive Abilities Test (CAT4) during the first term of the school year.
- Each primary school is informed when any student attending such a school has been enrolled at John Scottus for the following school year and requested to transfer relevant educational passports and other information that may be deemed appropriate to the latter.
- The Principal meets the parent(s)/guardian(s) of incoming first year students where any concerns relating to a student can be discussed.
- Where a Additional educational need is identified, the school conducts Additional needs case meetings in person and/or over the phone with the parent(s)/guardian(s), Principal and Learning Support teacher, as appropriate.
- Copies of any relevant psychological reports and assessment results are sought to inform the identification process.

- A general reading test is conducted to identify the reading ages of the group.
- The results of the CAT4 and General Reading tests are analysed. This analysis combined with available assessment test results, information from parents and feeder primary schools and parents & guardians form the basis for prioritising students for support.

# 8. Provision or intervention for students identified as having additional educational needs

Learning support provision is seen in the context of a whole school approach. The Additional Needs Team takes primary responsibility for learning support provision and provides information to subject teachers as necessary. The aim of each teacher is to develop the individual student to his/her full potential. In addition to this:

- The Additional educational needs of the majority of students within a mainstream class are met by differentiating teaching approaches (Support for All).
- Where students continue to present with significant difficulties, despite whole-school
  interventions (such as differentiated teaching, a mentoring programme or social skills
  group), School Support (for Some) is initiated.
- At the level of Support for Some, educational support plans are devised and implemented
  for students identified as having Additional educational needs, as appropriate. These are
  differentiated in line with the individual needs of students and include clear, measurable
  learning targets, and specify the resources and targeted interventions that are used to
  address student needs in line with the continuum of support process.
- Individualised educational support plans for students are developed on an informed basis through a collaborative process involving relevant teachers, parents/guardians, the students themselves and outside professionals, as necessary.
- Support for Some can be an additional teacher providing within-class support and small group and individual withdrawal.
- In circumstances where meeting the Additional educational needs of students requires more than Support for Some, School Support Plus (for a Few) is initiated.
- At the level of School Support Plus (for a Few), subject teacher(s), parents/guardians and
  Additional education teachers, in collaboration with outside agencies, as required, engage in
  a more detailed and systematic approach to information gathering and assessment. This
  involves using a broad range of formal and informal assessment and diagnostic tools,
  including teacher observation, student interview, measures of cognitive ability and social,
  emotional, behavioural and adaptive functioning, as appropriate.
- Data generated from the initiation of School Support Plus (for a Few) is used to devise and
  implement a Support Plan to meet the needs of the associated student. This data also serves
  as a baseline against which to map progress. A Support Plan at this level is more detailed,
  individualised, and involves longer term planning and consultation than those as other levels
  of support.
- The school applies for "Reasonable Accommodations at the Certificate Examinations" for students identified as having Additional educational needs, as appropriate.

# 9. Monitoring of outcomes for students identified as having additional educational needs

To optimise the implementation of interventions, supports provided to students identified as having Additional educational needs are informed by a tracking and recording system. Specifically:

- Student Support Plans specify time-frames for review. These reviews are implemented in consultation with the subject teacher, Additional education teachers, parents/guardians, the student and relevant professionals, as appropriate.
- The review of Support Plans takes place on a regular basis and allows subsequent plans to be tailored to the individual needs of students in line with their developmental level. This may result in a decision to discontinue support, to continue the same level of support, or move to a higher or lower level of support.
- A Student Support File which includes Support Plan and Support Review Record is maintained for students identified as having Additional educational needs, as appropriate.
- In addition to monitoring outcomes at the individual level, reviews of outcomes at group, class and whole-school level are also conducted to inform subsequent planning at group and individual levels.

The implementation of the above tracking and recording system ensures that the progress of all students in meeting their identified targets is monitored at the Support for All, School Support (for Some) and School Support Plus (for a Few) levels of the continuum of support.

To support students with Additional educational needs effectively in the school and to ensure consistency of approach, all teachers (including subject teachers, Additional education teachers and the guidance counsellor) have access to relevant information from student support plans, in accordance with data protection legislation. This helps teachers to differentiate their subject teaching to meet the needs of their students, and to set specific targets related to their subject areas.

# 10. Timetabling

The effective use of resources is dependent upon effective timetabling practices that ensure continuity and avoid undue fragmentation of provision where possible. In matters pertaining to the timetabling of additional Additional education teaching supports, the over-riding principle is that resources are deployed to address identified needs of students. Importantly, those with the highest level of need should have access to the greatest level of support. Specifically:

- A core team of teachers are allocated timetables dedicated to Additional education duties. This should be maintained in order to provide greater stability and continuity of support (avoiding a student having several different teachers).
- A flexible approach to timetabling is adopted to ensure that extra capacity is available to address changing needs during the year. Accordingly, some members of the Additional education team are allocated flexible timetables with inbuilt capacity to respond to additional needs.
- The overall school timetable is designed carefully to make appropriate provision for students with Additional educational needs.
- Members of the Additional education support team are consulted when the timetable is being developed.

# 11. Roles and responsibilities of school personnel

### 11.1 Board of Management

The Board of management has the responsibility for overseeing the development, implementation and review of school policies and services in relation to the inclusion of students with Additional educational needs.

# 11.2 The Principal

"Under current legislation the principal of the school has overall responsibility for ensuring that the Additional educational needs of students are met. As a consequence, the principal has the general responsibility for establishing and promoting whole- school policies and procedures that are supportive of the learning of all students, including those with Additional educational needs" (DES, 2007a, p. 67).

More specifically the role of the school principal includes the following:

- Assume overall responsibility for the development and implementation of the school's policies and procedures to the inclusion of students with Additional educational needs.
- Oversee a whole-school approach to assessment and screening to identify needs and to guide the allocation of appropriate supports.
- Ensure effective engagement with feeder primary schools to support the transition of students with Additional educational needs.
- In collaboration with the in-school management team, discharge a key function in the deployment of staff, allocation of resources, organisation of students and timetabling.
- Ensure the additional Additional Educational Teaching Supports allocated to John Scottus are
  used in their entirety to support students identified as having Additional educational needs,
  learning support needs, and additional literacy such as English Additional Language Support.
- Liaise with the Board of Management, Staff and Parents (Guardians) to develop a whole school plan for Learning Support and Additional Educational Needs.
- Ensure that systems are in place for effective sharing of relevant information on students' needs with all subject teachers.
- Facilitate the continuing professional development of all teachers in relation to the
  education of students with Additional educational needs and ensure that all school staff
  (subject teachers and Additional education teachers, guidance counsellors, Additional needs
  assistants) are clear regarding their roles and responsibilities in this area.
- Ensure that whole-school procedures are established to facilitate the effective involvement of parents, students and external professionals/agencies.
- Giving careful consideration to the formation of a Additional education needs team whose members have expertise and interest in Additional education so that provision can be coordinated efficiently and flexibly to meet a range of needs.

Subject to his/her overall statutory responsibilities, the principal may delegate the performance of specific responsibilities to other staff members, including members of the Additional education needs team.

### 11.3 Subject teachers

Research has consistently shown that the quality of teaching is the most critical factor in enhancing students' learning and educational experiences. In connection,

- 1. The subject teacher is responsible for educating all students in his/her class, including any student identified as having Additional educational needs.
- 2. Each subject teacher is primarily responsible for the progress and care of all students in his/her classroom, including students identified as having Additional educational needs.
- 3. It is the responsibility of the subject teacher to ensure that each student in his/her class is taught in a stimulating and supportive classroom environment where all students are respected and valued.
- 4. The subject teacher in consultation with the relevant Additional education teacher(s) will consider ways in which the curriculum will be differentiated and/or otherwise adapted to suit the needs of individual students. This may involve identifying the most appropriate teaching strategies and programmes to meet the students' needs.

#### 11.4 Additional Education needs team

A core team of teachers with responsibility for Additional educational needs meets once a week. It includes the principal and/or deputy principal, guidance counsellor, Additional education coordinator and Additional education teachers, as appropriate. Members of this team should have the necessary experience and ongoing access to professional development to support the diverse needs of students. The role of the Additional Education needs team is to:

- Help ensure that those students with the greatest level of Additional educational need have access to support from teachers with the necessary experience and expertise.
- Develop, implement and monitor a whole-school approach to the education of students with Additional educational needs. This involves developing whole-school procedures for the selection of students for supplementary teaching, assisting in the implementation of wholeschool strategies to enhance teaching and learning, and providing guidance to colleagues on the implementation of students' support plans.
- Work closely with subject teachers, parents and with other support structures within the school, such as the student support team and guidance counsellor.
- Provide valuable support to subject teachers to meet student needs within their classroom and subject areas.
- Work closely with subject teachers to provide additional teaching support for students
  identified as having Additional educational needs, as appropriate. All additional teaching
  support is provided to build on and complement the support planned and delivered by the
  subject teacher.
- Be familiar with a wide range of teaching approaches, methodologies and resources to cater
  for particular learning preferences and to meet a variety of needs. Teaching approaches
  could include a combination of within class teaching support, early intervention, small group
  and/or individual support.
- Plan their interventions carefully to address students' priority learning needs and to achieve
  the targets identified in the relevant Student Support Plan, in consultation with subject
  teachers.
- Routinely assess the outcomes for students, record them and use them to review progress.
   These outcomes should also be used to inform the targets for the next phase of intervention.

### 11.5 The Additional Education Coordinator

The Additional Education is tasked with planning and co-ordination activities required to ensure the most effective and optimal use of the Additional educational needs hours provided to schools, for students. The school has an Additional Education coordinator who, subject to the direction of the

principal, assumes responsibility for co-ordinating overall provision for Additional educational needs within the school. The role of this Additional Education coordinator is to:

- Co-ordinate data gathering, screening and testing relating to the Additional educational needs of students.
- Plan for the transition of students identified as having Additional educational needs to and from post-primary school.
- Provide the principal, in May, with a list of requirements to have accommodated in the following year's school timetable to meet the needs of students identified as having Additional educational needs, as appropriate.
- Take a lead role in making arrangements for planning, implementation and review of student support plans.
- Support the communication of information regarding students' needs to subject teachers and class teachers.
- Source resources and assistive technology for students.
- Organise reasonable accommodations for certificate examinations.
- Liaise with other agencies, NEPS and allied health professionals.
- Liaise with parents and students.
- Liaise with the Principal to present to the board of management and teaching staff on matters pertaining to Additional Education, as appropriate.
- Advise students on further education options including the CAO and the Disability Access
  Route to Education (DARE) supplementary admissions scheme for school leavers with
  disabilities which offers some places on a reduced points basis

#### 11.6 The Guidance Counsellor

The guidance counsellor should be a member of the Additional Education needs team to help in promoting the inclusion of students identified as having Additional educational needs.

### 11.7 Student Support Team

The Student Support Team serves an important preventative and early-intervention function, particularly in relation to addressing the needs of students with social, emotional, behavioural and well-being needs. The Student Support team coordinator should liaise with the Learning Support coordinator to ensure appropriate interventions are put in place to meet the Additional educational needs of students, as appropriate.

## 11.8 Additional Needs Assistants (SNAs)

The Additional Needs Assistant is employed to assist pupils in an academic context within the classroom and in the area of social education outside the classroom. SNA duties are assigned by the Principal and are the following:

- Preparation and tidying up of classroom
- Assisting on out-of-school visits, walks, examinations and similar activities
- Helping Additional needs pupils with writing, typing or computers or use of other equipment
- Assistance with clothing, feeding, toileting, and being mindful of health and safety of students
- Accompanying individuals or small groups who have been withdrawn temporarily from the classroom
- General assistance to class teachers
- Participation with school development planning

- Communicate with parents of Additional needs pupils in both formal meetings and informally through regular emails and phone calls.
- Additional Needs Assistants may be assigned to other pupils with needs when Additional needs pupils are absent

## 11.9 Parental/guardian engagement

Parents/guardians are central to developing and monitoring Student Support Plans. Parents help to set targets for managing homework, study, organisation, communication, social skills and behaviour.

Good parental/guardian engagement is a critical factor in enhancing outcomes for students with Additional educational needs. Accordingly, parents/guardians are consulted in relation to their children's needs and strengths and on the supports and strategies being developed to support their children and are also involved in regular reviews of progress.

In addition to consultation around the individual needs of their child, parents/guardians also receive information on the nature and type of the Additional educational needs provision available at the school. They are also consulted in the development and review of polices relating to the education of children with Additional educational needs as part of the school's policy for the cyclical review of all school policies. Parent/guardians are expected to help set targets for managing homework, study, organisation, communication, social skills and communication.

### 11.10 Student engagement

Good engagement and participation in their own education has many associated benefits for students. This is particularly important for students with Additional educational needs and can help enhance their academic and social and emotional outcomes. Accordingly, the school listens to and builds on students' interests, aspirations and strengths when developing educational interventions. This involves actively including students in a shared assessment for learning process, setting shared learning objectives, and jointly reviewing progress.

### 12. Reference list

Department of Education and Science (DES). (2007a). Inclusion of students with Additional Educational Needs: Post-primary guidelines (1 ed.). Dublin: Stationary Office.

Department of Education and Science (DES). (2007b). Additional Educational needs: A Continuum of Support, Guidelines for Teachers Dublin: Stationary Office.

Department of Education and Skills (DES). (2017a). Circular No 0014/2017 Additional Education Teaching Allocation. Retrieved from https://www.education.ie/en/Circulars-and-Forms/Active- Circulars/cl0014\_2017.pdf

Department of Education and Skills (DES). (2017b). Guidelines for Post-Primary Schools: Supporting Students with Additional Educational Needs in Mainstream Schools. Retrieved from https://www.education.ie/en/The-Education- System/Additional-Education/Guidelines-for-Post-Primary-Schools-Supporting- Students-with-Additional-Educational-Needs-in-Mainstream-Schools.pdf

Government of Ireland. (1998). Education Act. Dublin: Stationary Office.

Government of Ireland. (2000). Education (Welfare) Act. Dublin: Stationary Office.

Government of Ireland. (2004). Education for Persons with Additional Educational Needs Act. Dublin: Stationary Office.

Government of Ireland. (2005). Disability Act. In. Dublin: Stationary Office.